#### How will a changing stratosphere affect high-latitude climate?

Mark P. Baldwin Northwest Research Associates, Bellevue, WA

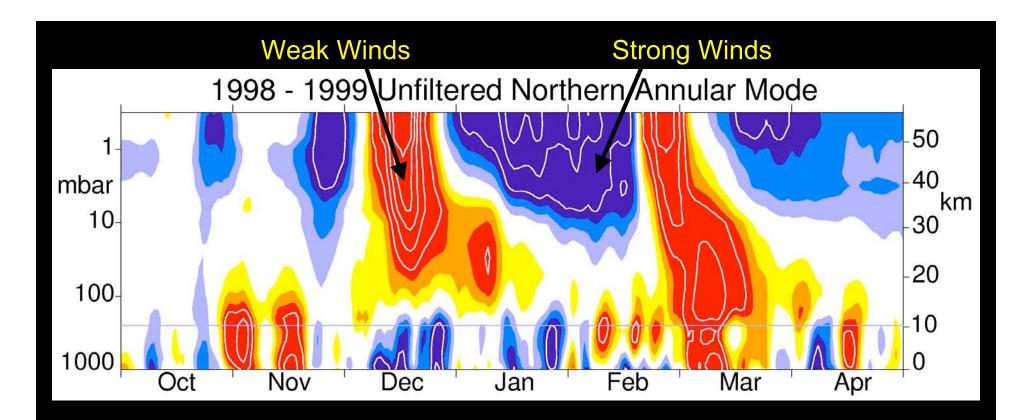
Data Assimilation Workshop, Toronto, 6 September 2007



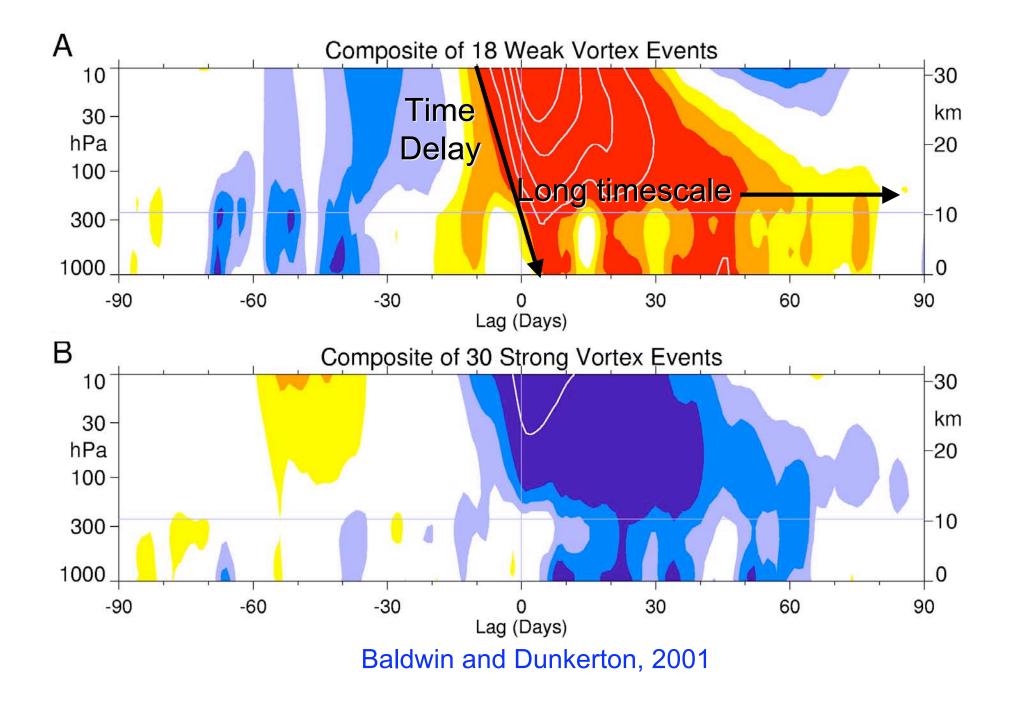


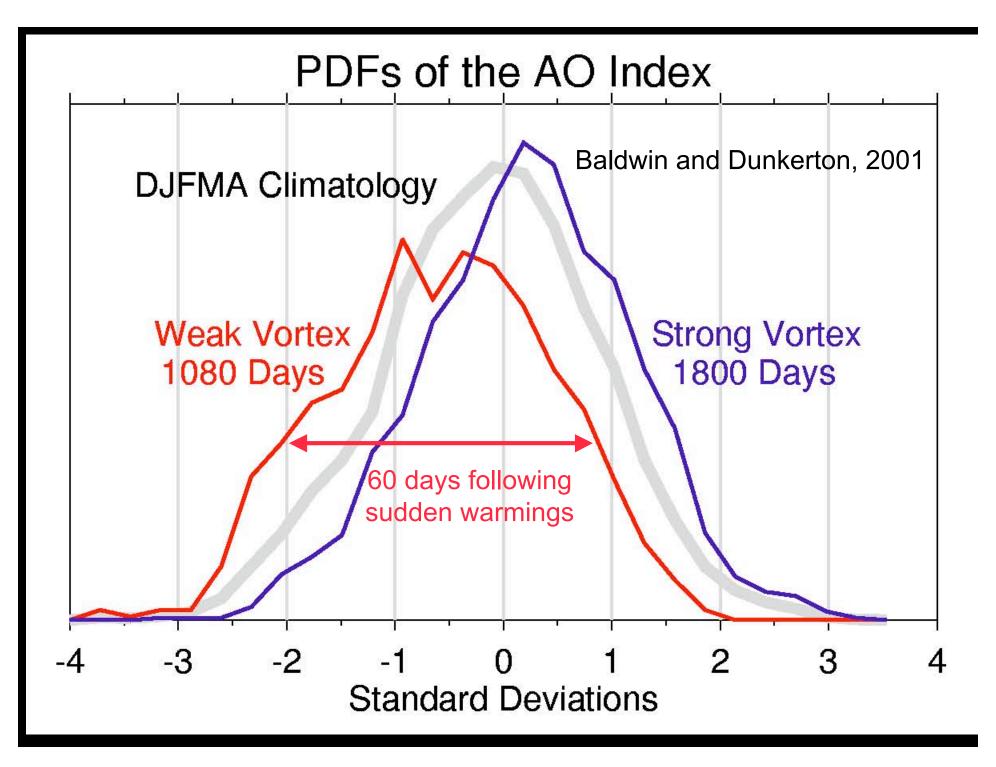
## Outline

- Evidence that stratospheric changes affect high northern latitudes.
- Evidence that ozone loss has affected Antarctic climate.
- Projections of future climate.
- Some possible model diagnostics of stratosphere/troposphere coupling.
- How confident are we in predictions of the future?

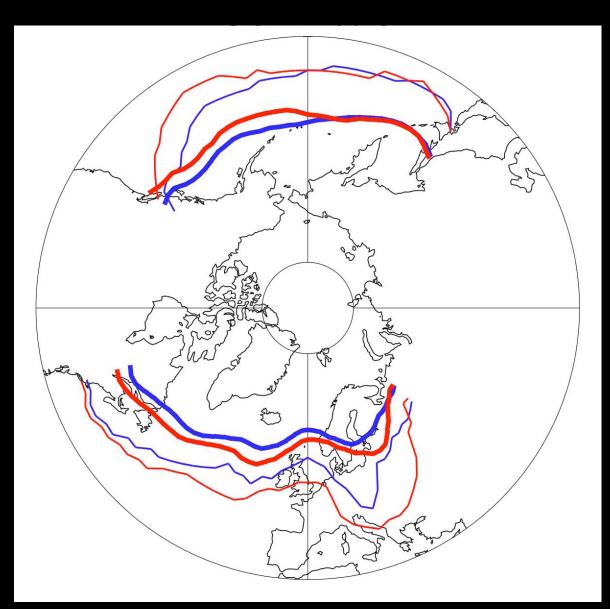


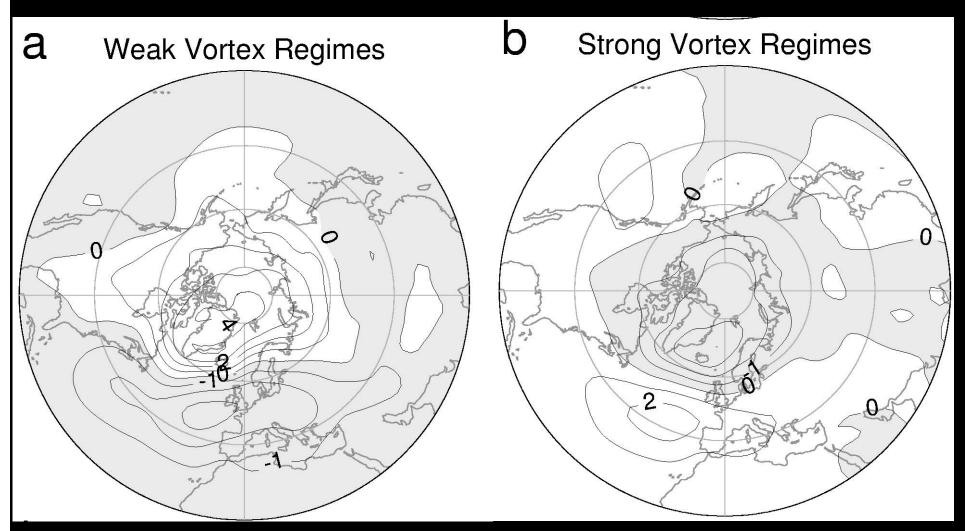
NAM index for 1998–1999. The lowest level is the AO index. From Baldwin and Dunkerton, Science 2001





#### Storm tracks during weak and strong regimes





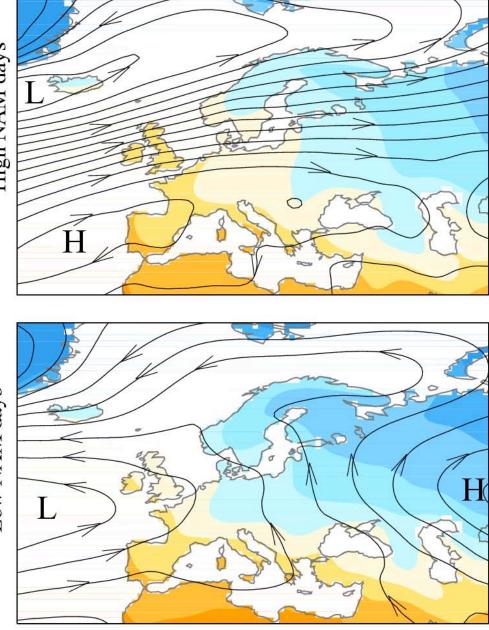
Surface pressure anomalies after stratospheric events look like the Arctic Oscillation. Baldwin and Dunkerton, 2001

# Possible Dynamical Mechanisms

- Direct effect of stratospheric wave driving and stratospheric temperature anomalies (Thompson et al., 2006)
- Indirect effects involving waves
- Effect on baroclinic waves/life cycles
- Effect on planetary-scale waves
- Wave reflection in the stratosphere

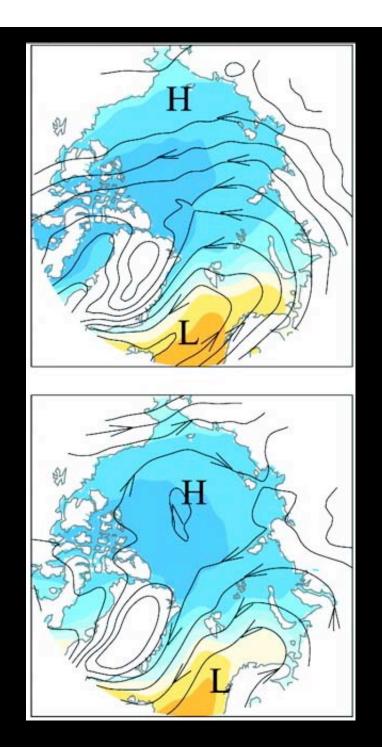






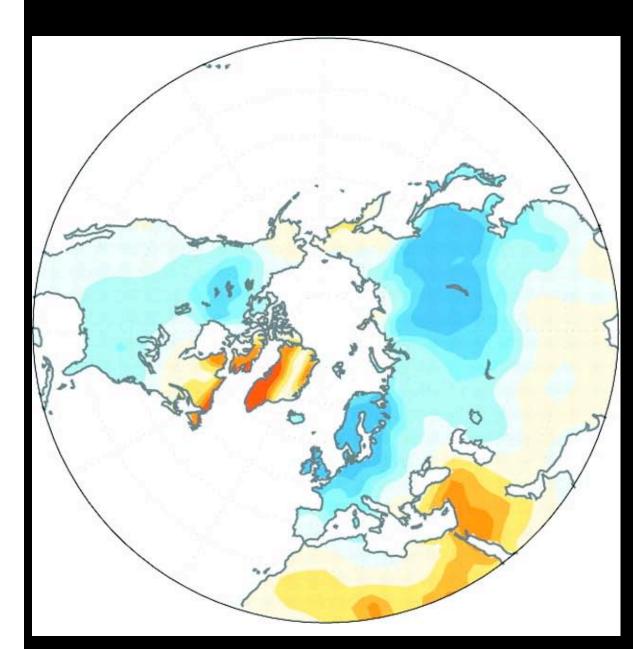
Composite surface maps for high and low AO index.

(From Thompson and Wallace, *Science* 2001)



Composite surface maps for high and low AO index.

(From Thompson and Wallace, *Science* 2001)



Ratio of the frequency of occurrence of cold events, between high NAM and low NAM index days.

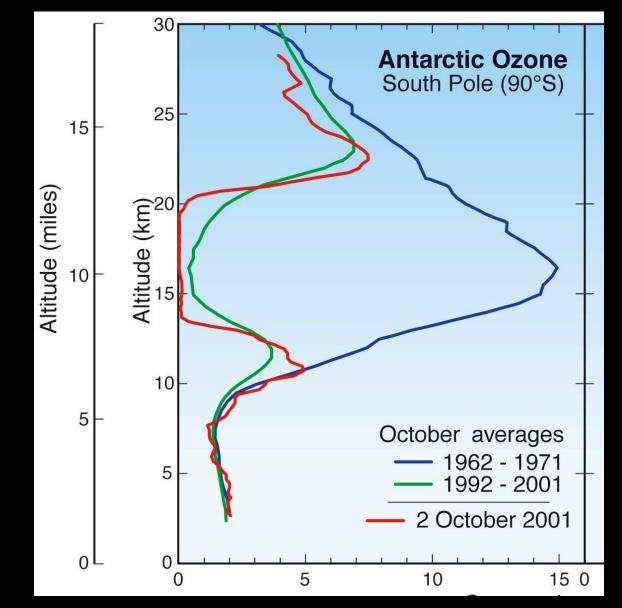
(From Thompson and Wallace, *Science* 2001)

Southern Hemisphere surface climate response to ozone depletion

Observations and model

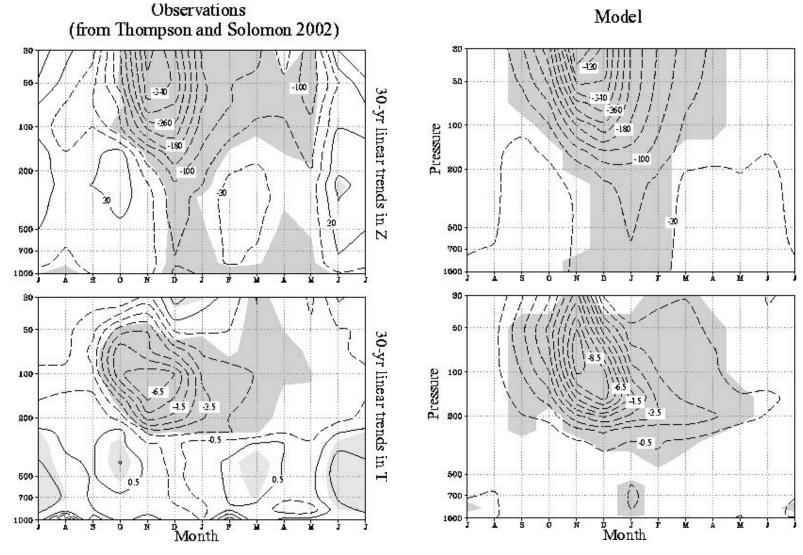
Springtime ozone loss appears to drive changes in surface climate from late spring to summer.

**Ozone Depletion** 

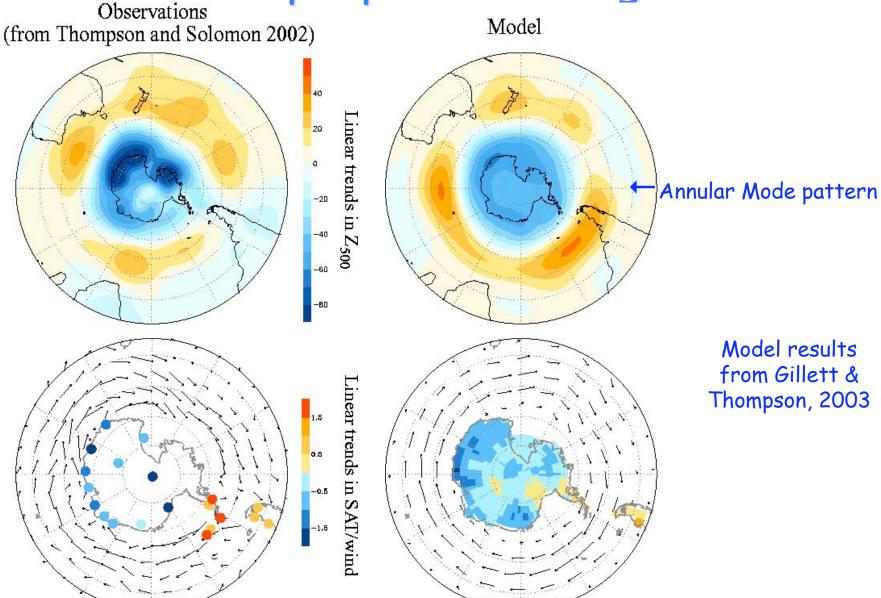


# Simulated and observed geopotential height and temperature changes

Model results from Gillett & Thompson, Science 2003

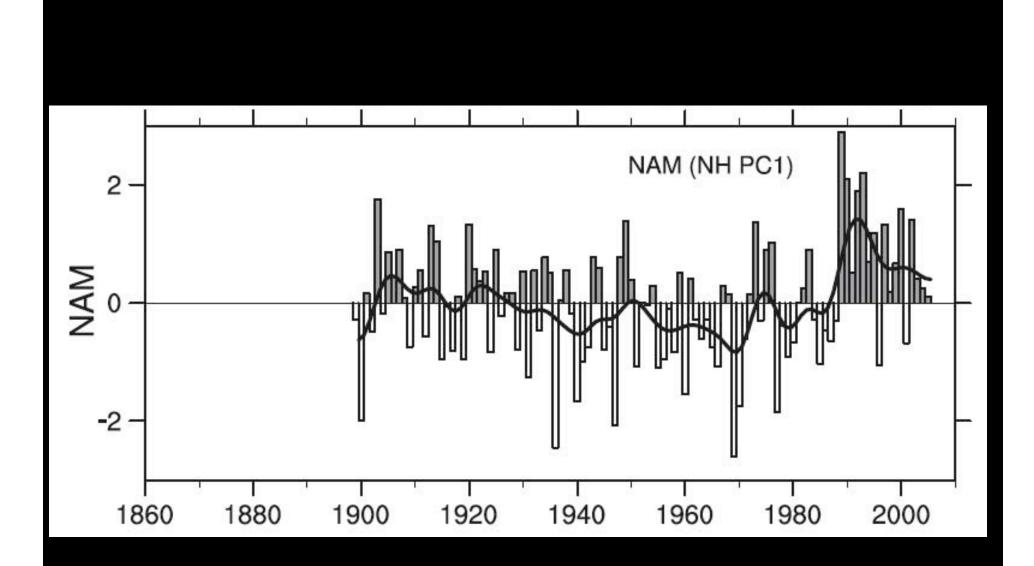


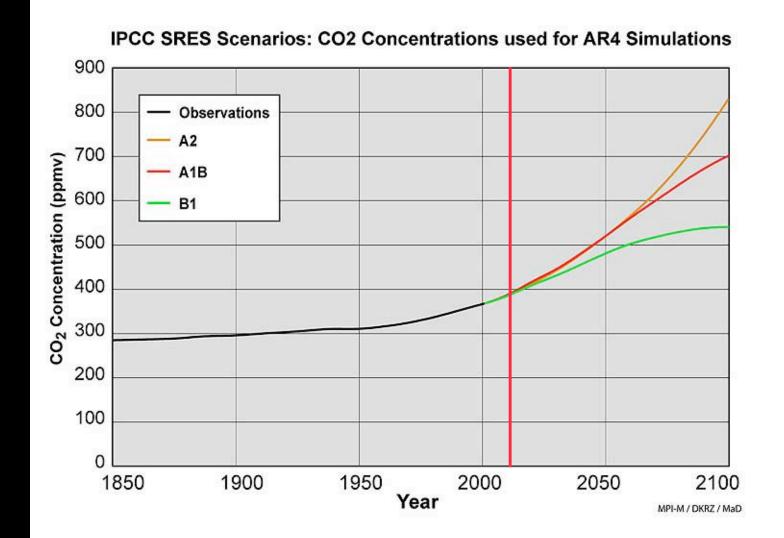
## Tropospheric changes

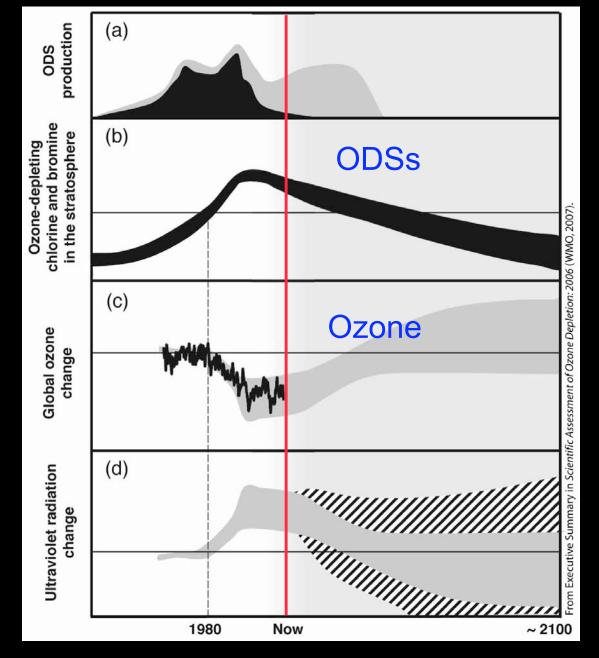


#### Projections of future climate

Increasing Greenhouse gases
Ozone recovery
IPCC-type models
Chemistry-climate models



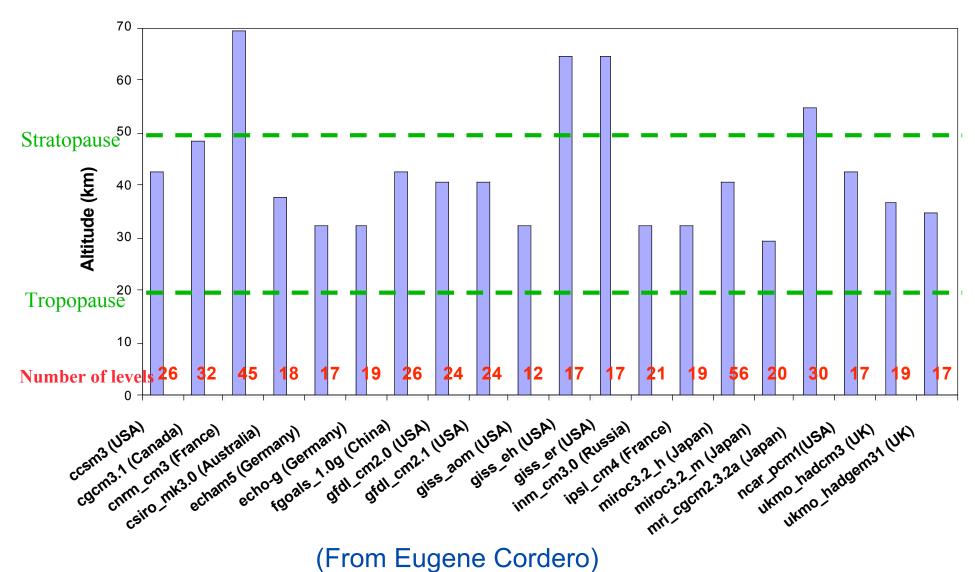




#### Ozone recovery vs. increasing GHGs

- Ozone depleting substances are already decreasing.
- ♣ Ozone abundances will be increasing.
- ♣ GHGs will continue to increase.
- Ozone recovery will not be a simple reversal of ozone depletion.

#### **IPCC: Altitude of the Model Top**



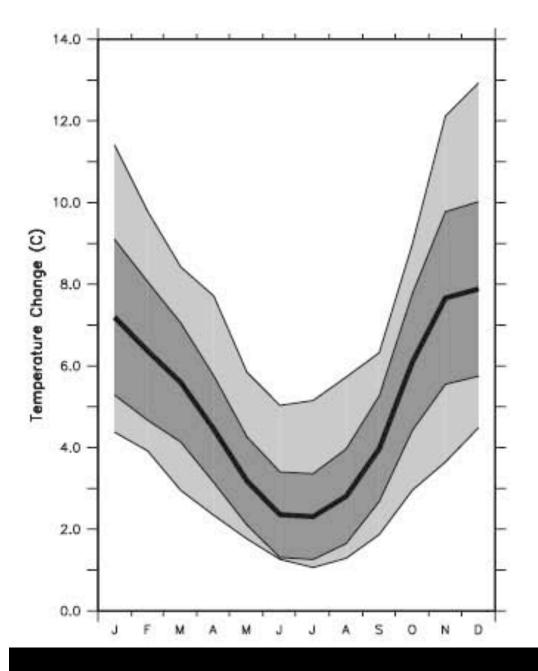
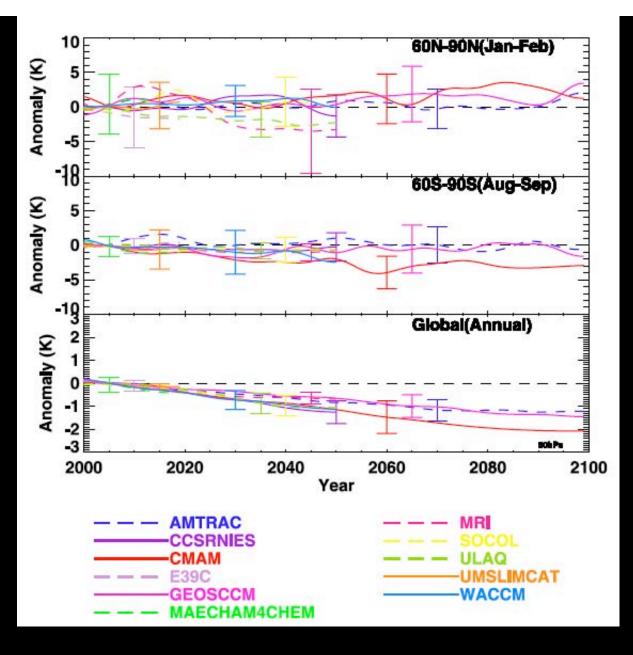


Figure 11.19. Annual cycle of arctic area mean temperature and percentage precipitation changes (averaged over the area north of 60°N) for 2080 to 2099 minus 1980 to 1999, under the A1B scenario. Thick lines represent the ensemble median of the 21 MMD models. The dark grey area represents the 25 and 75% quartile values among the 21 models, while the light grey area shows the total range of the models.

IPCC Arctic T change projections, 2080-2099 minus 1980-1999

## How will the stratosphere change?



#### From Eyring et al., 2007

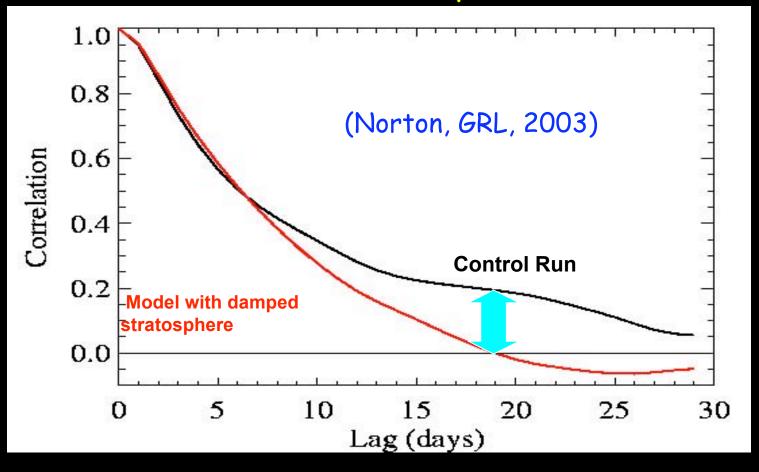
How stratospheric change will affect surface climate depends on:

1) trends in the strength of the polar vortex

2) variability of the polar vortex

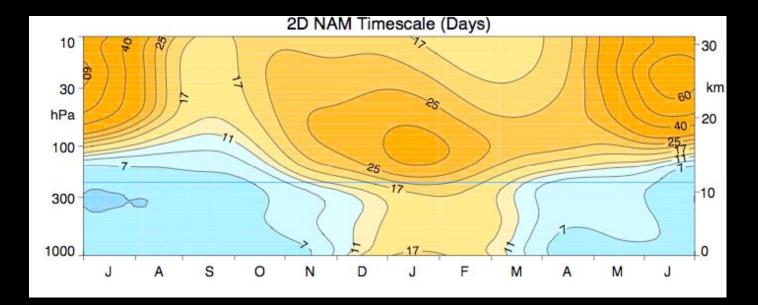
## How will the troposphere be affected?

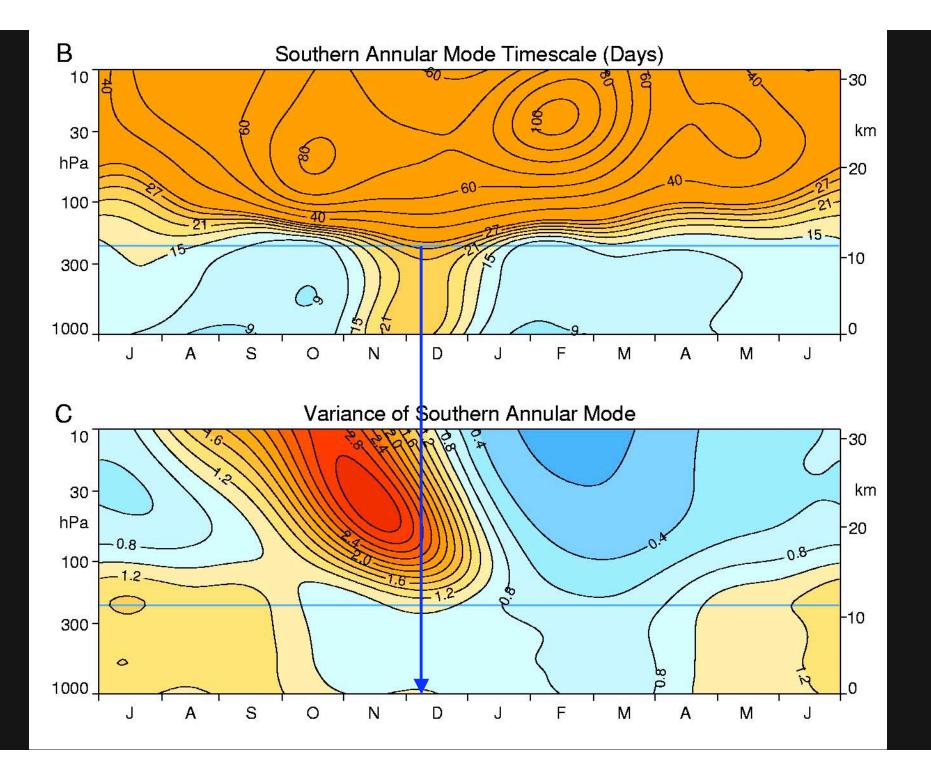
Autocorrelation of daily surface AO index

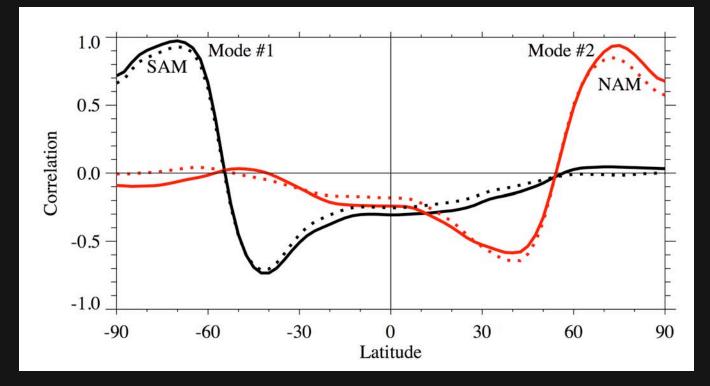


Without stratospheric variability, the timescale of the surface AO is shorter.

How can we assess stratospheretroposphere coupling in models?

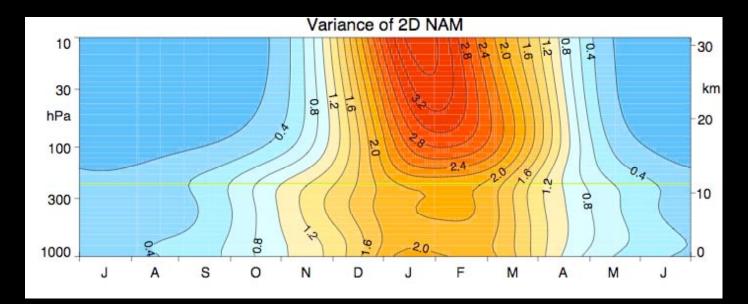


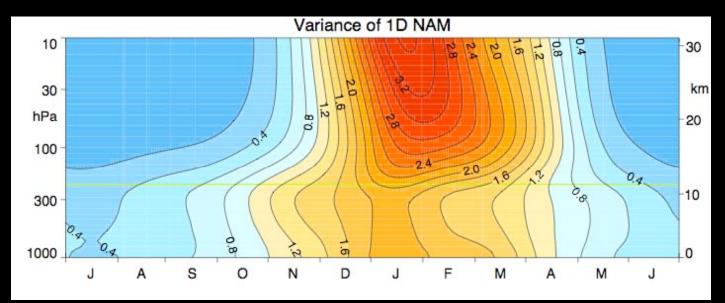


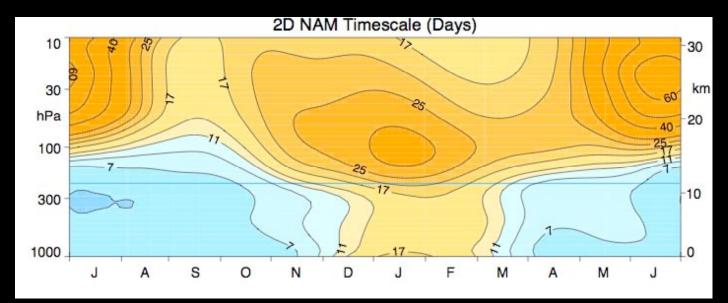


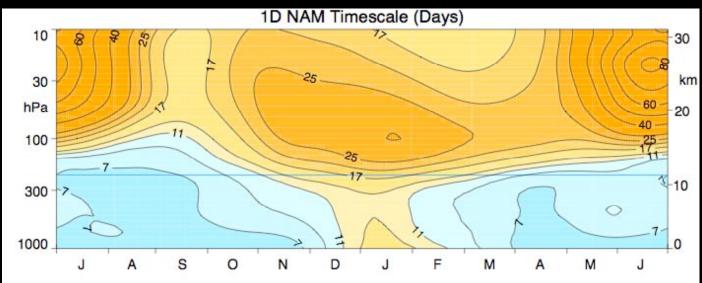
Leading EOFs of daily, zonally-averaged surface pressure. From Baldwin (2001).

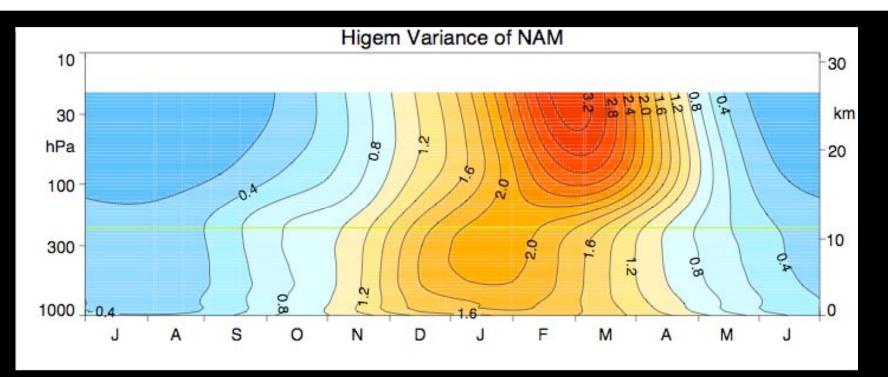
NAM index from zonally averaged data (Gerber et al., 2007).

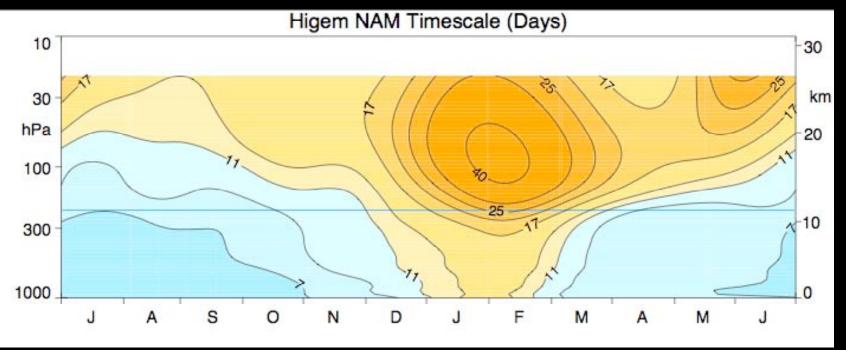


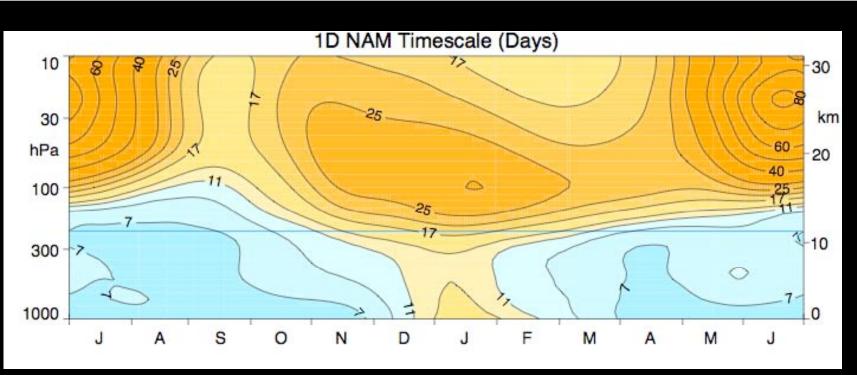


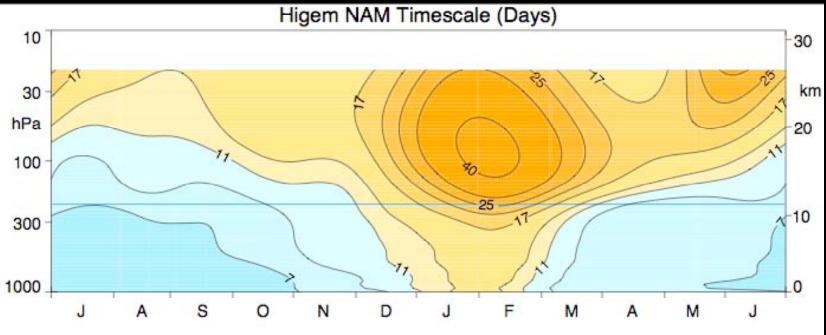


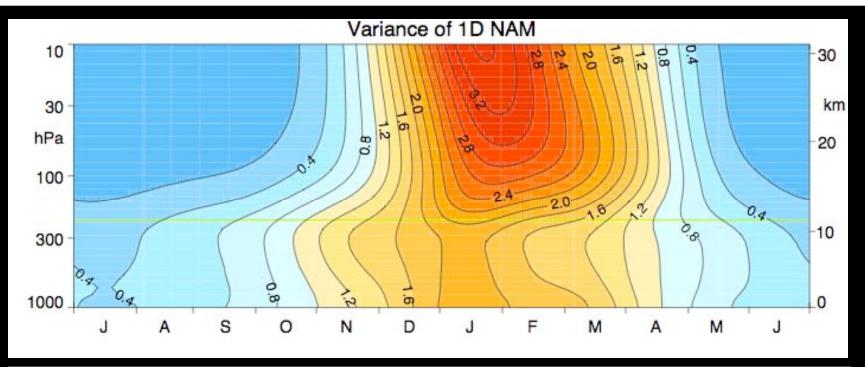


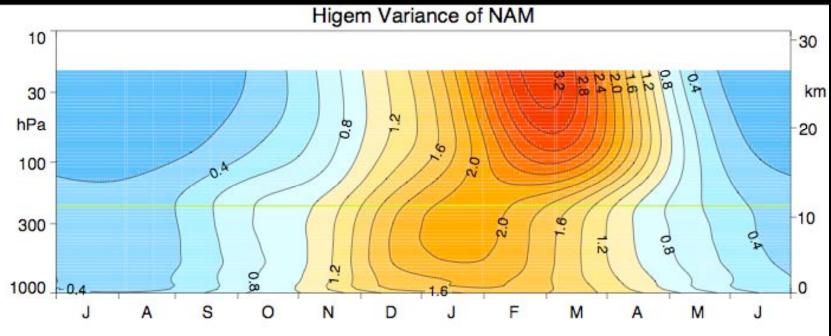












## The Future of the Stratosphere?

- Increasing greenhouse gases cool the stratosphere.
- Ozone recovery reverses SH trends.
- Stratospheric NAM index trend would depend on relative cooling of the polar cap.
- Most models show a warmer, weaker NH vortex in winter and spring.



Ozone and ODS forcing trends will be the opposite of what they were until ~2000, in contrast to GHG forcing.

\*CCMs predict that a cooling stratosphere will accelerate ozone recovery.

Feedbacks to high-latitude surface climate are uncertain, because we are unsure how the high-latitude stratosphere will change.

Diagnostics of S-T coupling in climate models are needed.



